



RETA Ohio General Meeting Minutes

February 7, 2013

6:00pm – 8:00pm

In Attendance:

Jeff Sutton

Darrel Young

Kris Lippencott

Chad Rader

Tim Burton

Meeting convened at 6:00pm.

Location: Sutton and Associates Conference Room

Topic: NH₃ Sensor Calibration

Speaker: Marc Zodey – Drager Instruments

Meeting Notes:

Types of Sensors

- LEL sensors – always fail blind, no indication sensor is no longer responsive to test gas.

“Sensor chemicals decompose and no longer reacts to ammonia vapor:

- IR sensors
 - high initial cost
 - low maintenance cost due to no sensor cells to replace
- Catalytic bead
 - One sensor reads many combustible gasses
 - Long life
 - Subject to “poisoning”
 - Can fail blind, no indication sensor is no longer responsive to test gas
 - Best for relief vent sensors

- Electro chemical

The unit constantly consumes the electrolyte during normal operation. Each manufacturer builds sensor with a set amount of electrolyte – the more, the better.

- Gas specific
- Temperature compensated
- Fast response time
- Sometimes dirty filters cause slow reaction time

Drager Specific Note:

When zero-cal electro chemical cells use zero air due to electro chemical cells are susceptible to CO₂. Never use atmosphere to zero calibrate electrochemical cells.

Drager Specific Note:

After span the display sometimes drops to -10ppm (below zero ppm) and takes 5-15 minutes to slowly return to 0ppm, this is normal.

NH₃ is “sticky” and can stick to inside of Teflon tubing, leading to miscalibrations.

- Teflon tubing preferred
- Viton tubing acceptable

